



Stefan Helber and Florian Sahling

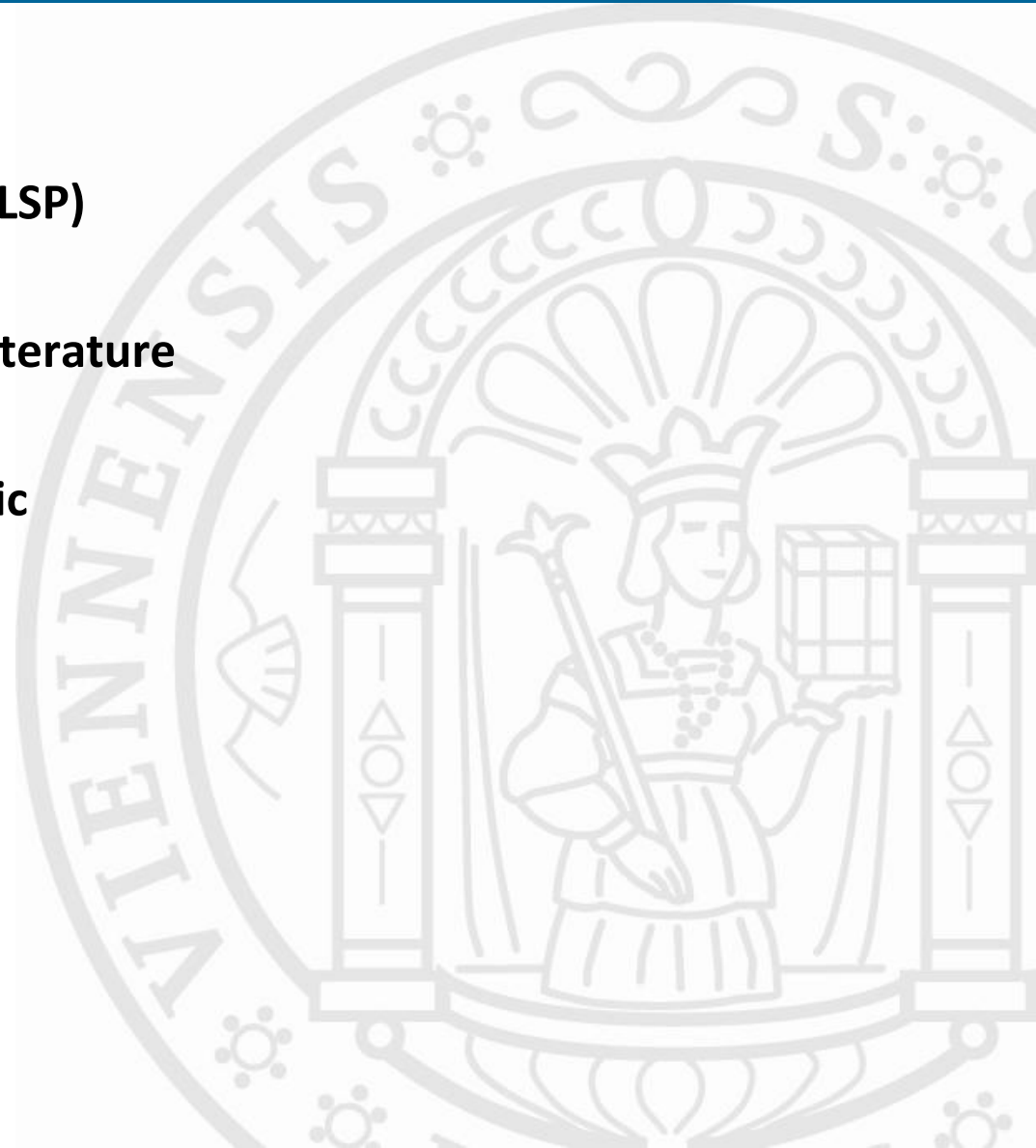
A Fix-and-Optimize Approach for the Multi-Level Capacitated Lot Sizing Problem

Summary by Christian Almeder



Outline

- **Problem definition (MLCLSP)**
- **Solution approaches in literature**
- **Fix-and-optimize heuristic**
- **Results**
- **Conclusions**





Problem Definition (MLCLSP)

- **Extension of the classical CLSP**
- **Multi-stage structure**

Considering raw materials, subassemblies, final items and their relation to each other

Difference to CLSP: additional term in the inventory balance constraint (internal demand)

$$Y_{k,t} = Y_{k,t-1} + Q_{k,t-z_k} - \sum_{i \in N_k} a_{k,i} \cdot Q_i - d_{k,t}$$

- **Production lead time z_k is used to consider delayed availability**
- **Overtime is used to relax the capacity constraint**
- **Problem is NP-hard -> no algorithm in polynomial time possible**



Problem Definition (MLCLSP)

- Important problem for the material requirements planning (MRP)
- Today's enterprise resource planning (ERP) systems often ignore capacities
- Fast solution methods are necessary (short-term planning)
- Solutions have to be disaggregated into a detailed production schedule



Solution Approaches in Literature

- **Mathematical programming approaches**

Solution approaches based on solving the mixed-integer model (or parts of it)

Valid inequalities

- **Lagrangian relaxation and decomposition**

Relaxing the capacity and inventory balance constraints

Decompose the problem into uncapacitated single-item problems

- **Local search and metaheuristics**

Tabu Search, Genetic Algorithm, Ant Colony Optimization, ...



Fix-and-Optimize Heuristic

- **Idea**

MIP formulation hard to solve because of many binary variables

Fix most of the binary variables (either to 0 or to 1)

Optimize the remaining free binary variables.

Iteratively change the fixed and free variables and optimize again

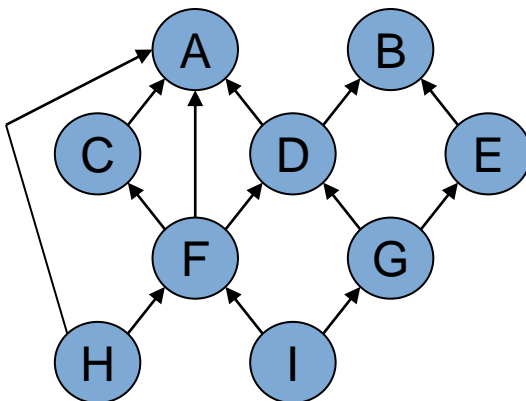
- **Necessary**

Initial (starting) solution: Allow production for every item in every period (all $\gamma_{kt}=1$)

Strategies to fix and free variables

Fix-and-Optimize Heuristic

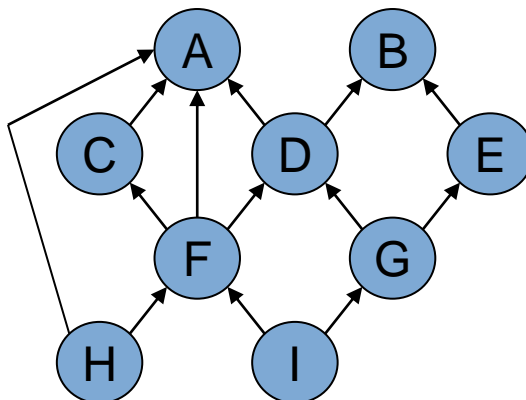
- Product oriented decomposition
- Resource-oriented decomposition
- Process-oriented decomposition



		Periods						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Item	A (M1)	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
	B (M2)	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
	C (M3)	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
	D (M1)	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
	E (M3)	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
	F (M2)	1	0	1	0	1	1	0
	G (M2)	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
	H (M1)	1	0	1	1	1	0	0
	I (M3)	1	1	0	0	1	0	1

Fix-and-Optimize Heuristic

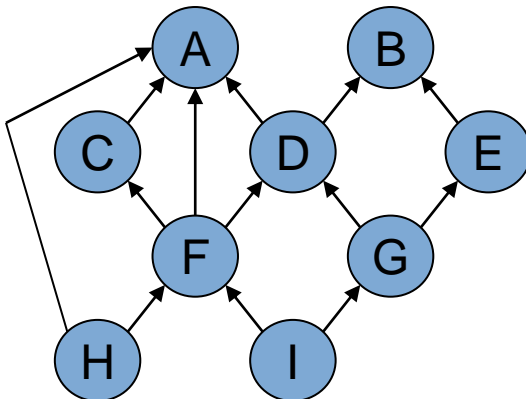
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Fix-and-Optimize Heuristic

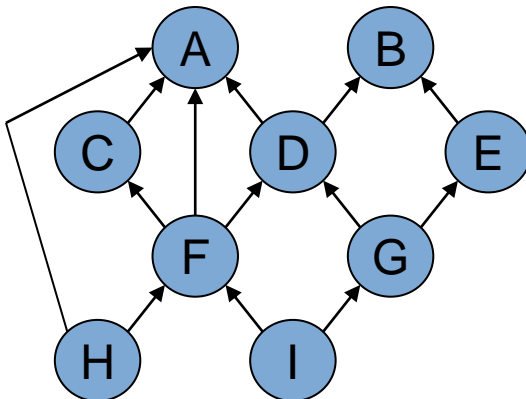
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	C (M3)	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
	D (M1)	?	?	?	?	0	1	1
	E (M3)	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
	F (M2)	1	0	1	0	1	1	0
	G (M2)	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
	H (M1)	?	?	?	?	1	0	0
	I (M3)	1	1	0	0	1	0	1

Fix-and-Optimize Heuristic

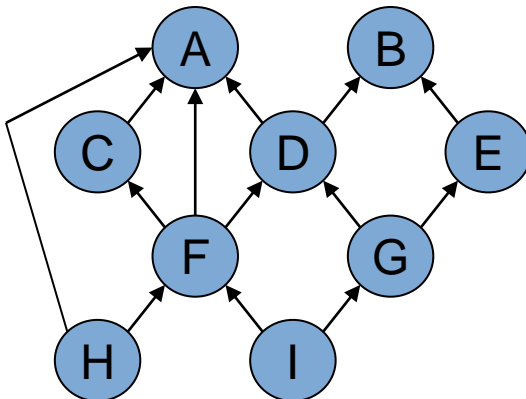
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	D (M1)	1	0	?	?	?	?	1
	E (M3)	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
	F (M2)	1	0	1	0	1	1	0
	G (M2)	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
	H (M1)	1	0	?	?	?	?	0
	I (M3)	1	1	0	0	1	0	1

Fix-and-Optimize Heuristic

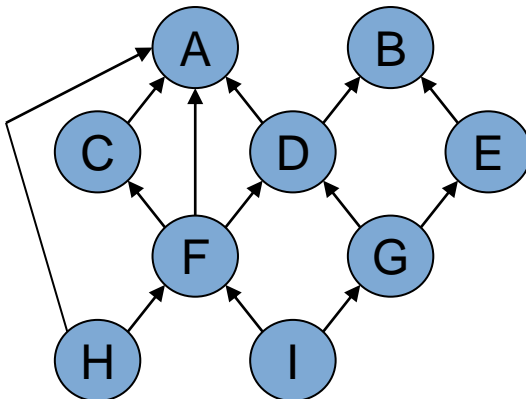
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	D (M1)	?	?	?	?	0	1	1
	E (M3)	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
	F (M2)	?	?	?	?	1	1	0
	G (M2)	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
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Fix-and-Optimize Heuristic

- Product oriented decomposition
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- **Process-oriented decomposition**



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	C (M3)	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
	D (M1)	1	0	1	1	?	?	?
	E (M3)	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
	F (M2)	1	0	1	0	?	?	?
	G (M2)	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
	H (M1)	1	0	1	1	1	0	0
	I (M3)	1	1	0	0	1	0	1



Fix-and-Optimize Heuristic

- **Variant 1:**
Product-oriented decomposition only
- **Variant 2:**
Product-oriented decomposition
Resource-oriented decomposition
- **Variant 3:**
Product-oriented decomposition
Process-oriented decomposition
- **Variant 4:**
Product-oriented decomposition
Resource-oriented decomposition
Process-oriented decomposition



Results

- 5 classes of test instances (small, medium, large)
- Comparison with Tempelmeier and Derstroff (1996), Stadtler (2003), and truncated branch-and-bound (CPLEX)
- Tests with ($z_k=1$) and without ($z_k=0$) lead time
- Variant 4 gives the best solutions with the longest run time
- Variant 2 gives slightly better results than variant 3 in shorter time
- Variant 1 is for medium and large instances worse than Tempelmeier and Derstroff (1996)
- Proposed heuristic is faster than that by Stadtler (2003)



Conclusions

- **Method seems easy and fast**
- **Solution quality is good**

- **Criticism**
 - Method relies heavily on the performance of a commercial software product (CPLEX)
 - Solution quality reported by Stadtler (2003) are better than in this paper. Where comes the gap from?
 - Only comparison with two other methods (numerous papers on solution methods are cited)



What kind of information should be in a seminar work?

- **complete model formulation**
- **more information on the papers Tempelmeier and Derstroff (1996) and Stadtler (2003)**
- **Other papers dealing with a similar topic**

Sahling, F., Buschkühl, L., Tempelmeier, H., Helber, S., Solving a multi-level capacitated lot sizing problem with multi-period setup carry-over via a fix-and-optimize heuristic. *Computers & Operations Research* 36, 2009, 2546-2553.

- **more detailed explanation of the algorithm**
- **deeper analysis of the results (comparison with other papers, e.g.: Stadtler, 2003; Pitakaso et al., 2006)**